

# The Concise Guide to Raising and Taming Healthy Jumping Spider Housing

Jumping spiders are fascinating creatures that make great pets for those interested in keeping exotic animals. They are relatively easy to care for and can be quite entertaining to watch. One of the most important aspects of keeping jumping spiders healthy is to provide them with a suitable enclosure. In this guide, we will provide you with all the information you need to know about jumping spider housing, including the size, type, and features that are important to consider.

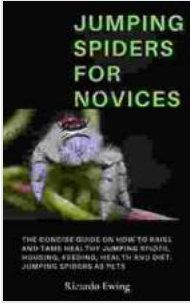
## Size

The size of the enclosure will depend on the size of the jumping spider. For most species, a 10-gallon tank is a good size. The enclosure should be tall enough to allow the spider to climb and should have plenty of space for it to move around.

## Type

There are two main types of enclosures that are suitable for jumping spiders: glass terrariums and plastic containers. Glass terrariums are more expensive, but they provide a more natural environment for the spider. Plastic containers are less expensive and are easier to clean, but they can be less breathable than glass terrariums.

**JUMPING SPIDERS FOR NOVICES: The Concise Guide on How to Raise and Tame Healthy jumping spider, Housing, Feeding, Health and Diet. Jumping spiders as pets** by Nathaniel Hawthorne



★ ★ ★ ★ ☆	4.5 out of 5
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Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
Screen Reader	: Supported
Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
Print length	: 19 pages
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## Features

In addition to the size and type of enclosure, there are a few other features that are important to consider when choosing a jumping spider habitat.

These features include:

- **Ventilation:** The enclosure should have adequate ventilation to prevent the air from becoming stagnant. This is especially important for species that require high humidity.
- **Substrate:** The substrate is the material that covers the bottom of the enclosure. It should provide a soft, comfortable surface for the spider to walk and climb on. Some good substrate options include coconut fiber, peat moss, and vermiculite.
- **Hideouts:** Jumping spiders need a place to hide where they can feel safe and secure. This can be a small cave, a piece of cork bark, or even a plastic plant.
- **Food and water:** The enclosure should have a place for the spider to eat and drink. A small dish of water and a few live crickets are all that is required.

## Setup

Once you have chosen an enclosure, it is important to set it up properly before introducing the spider. Here are a few tips:

- **Clean the enclosure:** Before adding the spider, thoroughly clean the enclosure with a mild soap and water solution. Rinse the enclosure well and allow it to dry completely.
- **Add the substrate:** Add a layer of substrate to the bottom of the enclosure. The substrate should be about 1-2 inches deep.
- **Add the hideouts:** Add one or two hideouts to the enclosure. The hideouts should be placed in different locations so that the spider can choose where it wants to hide.
- **Add the food and water:** Add a small dish of water and a few live crickets to the enclosure. The food and water should be placed in a location that is easily accessible to the spider.

## How to Tame a Jumping Spider

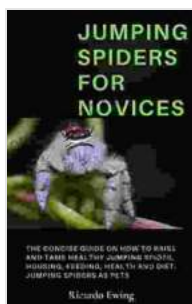
Once your jumping spider is settled into its new home, you can start to tame it. Here are a few tips:

- **Be patient:** It takes time and patience to tame a jumping spider. Don't be discouraged if it doesn't warm up to you right away.
- **Start by observing:** Before you start handling your spider, spend some time observing it. This will help you to learn its behavior and to understand what makes it feel threatened.
- **Offer your hand:** Once you have observed your spider for a few days, you can start offering your hand to it. Do this slowly and gently, and

don't be surprised if the spider runs away at first.

- **Don't chase your spider:** If your spider runs away, don't chase it. This will only make it more afraid of you. Instead, wait until it calms down and comes out of hiding on its own.
- **Let your spider come to you:** Be patient and let your spider come to you. When it is ready, it will climb onto your hand.
- **Handle your spider gently:** Once your spider has climbed onto your hand, handle it gently. Do not squeeze or hold it too tightly.
- **Reward your spider:** When you are finished handling your spider, give it a small treat, such as a live cricket. This will help it to learn that being handled is a positive experience.

With patience and care, you can tame your jumping spider and provide it with a healthy and happy home. By following the tips in this guide, you can create a suitable enclosure for your spider and help it to thrive.



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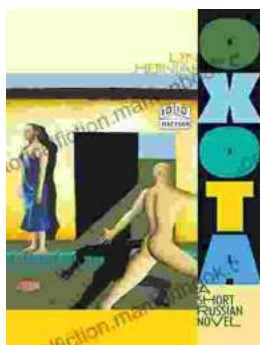
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